

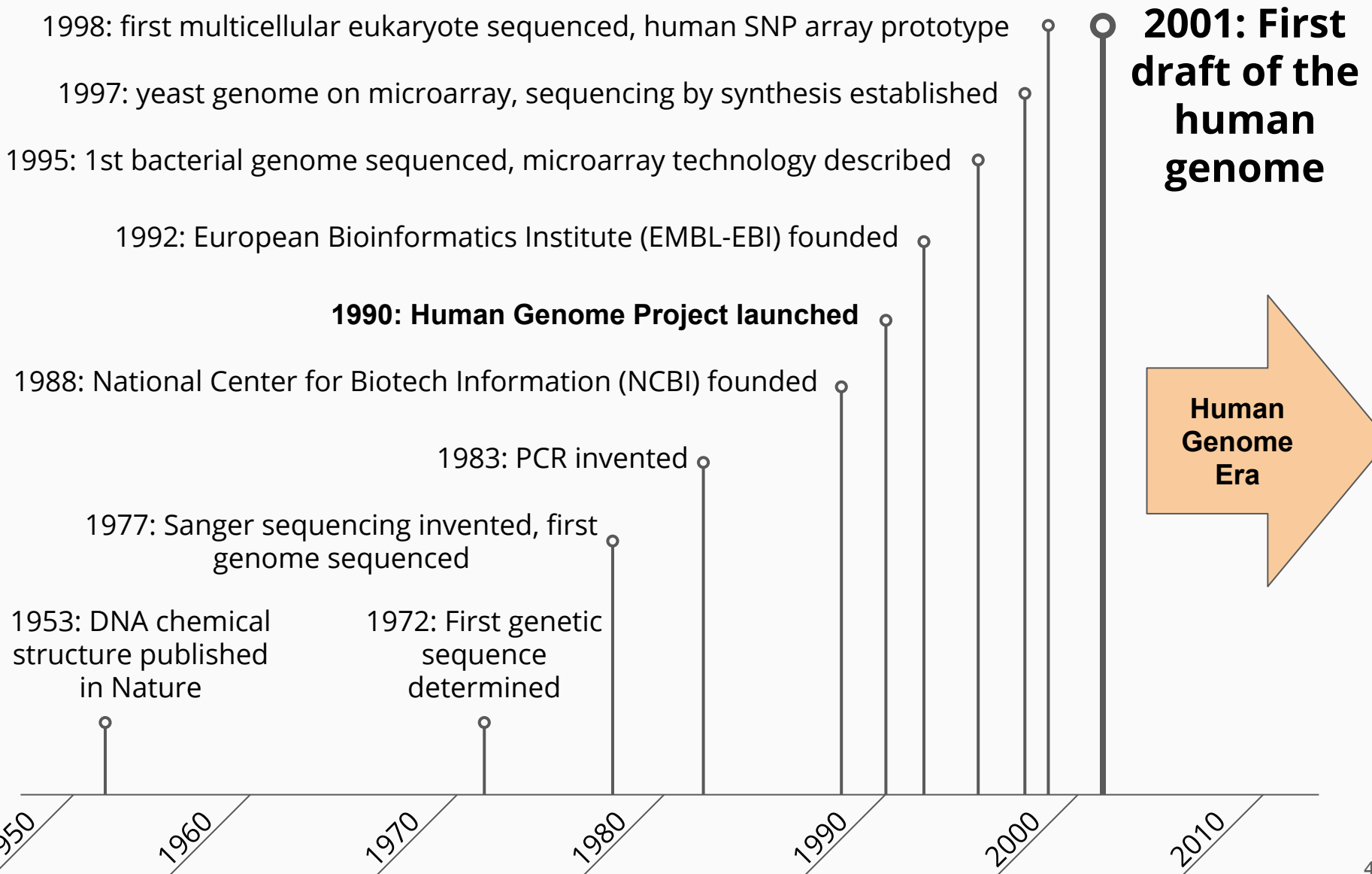
# **BF528 - Applications in Translational Bioinformatics**

Introduction

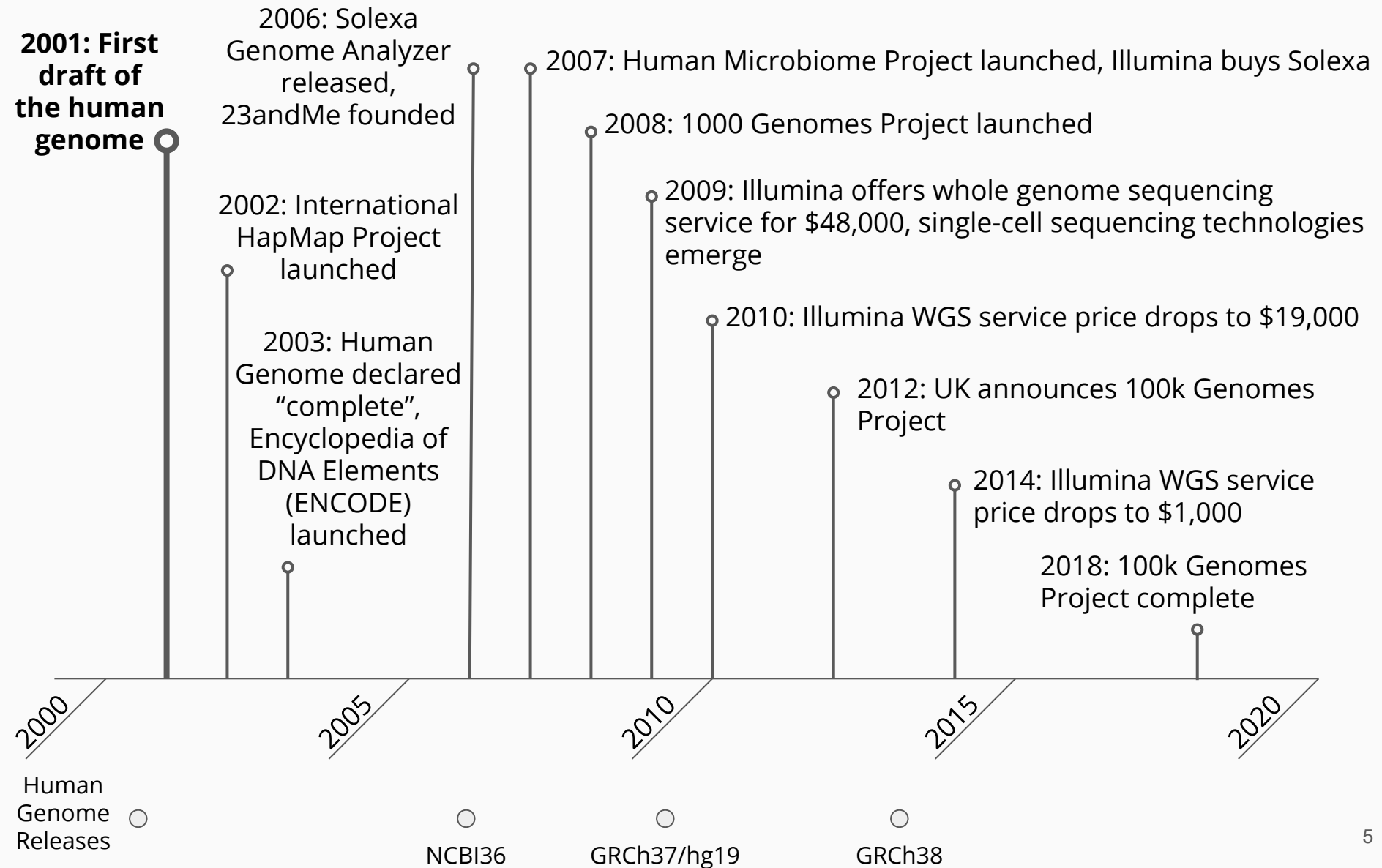
**All Lectures Are Being Recorded  
but  
Only my screen!**

**Biology became a  
data science in 1953**

# Biology as a Data Science



# The Human Genome Era



# “Big” Data

- Single Microarray dataset: ~500Mb
- Single short read dataset: ~2Gb-300Gb
- Human genome reference sequence: ~2Gb
- One run of Illumina instruments:
  - HiSeq 2500: ~1Tb
  - NovaSeq 6000: ~6Tb
- NCBI Short Read Archive (SRA) samples:
  - 2015: 3,351,430: ~37 Tb
  - 2020: 15,671,845: 17,500 Tb (136,718 iPhones)

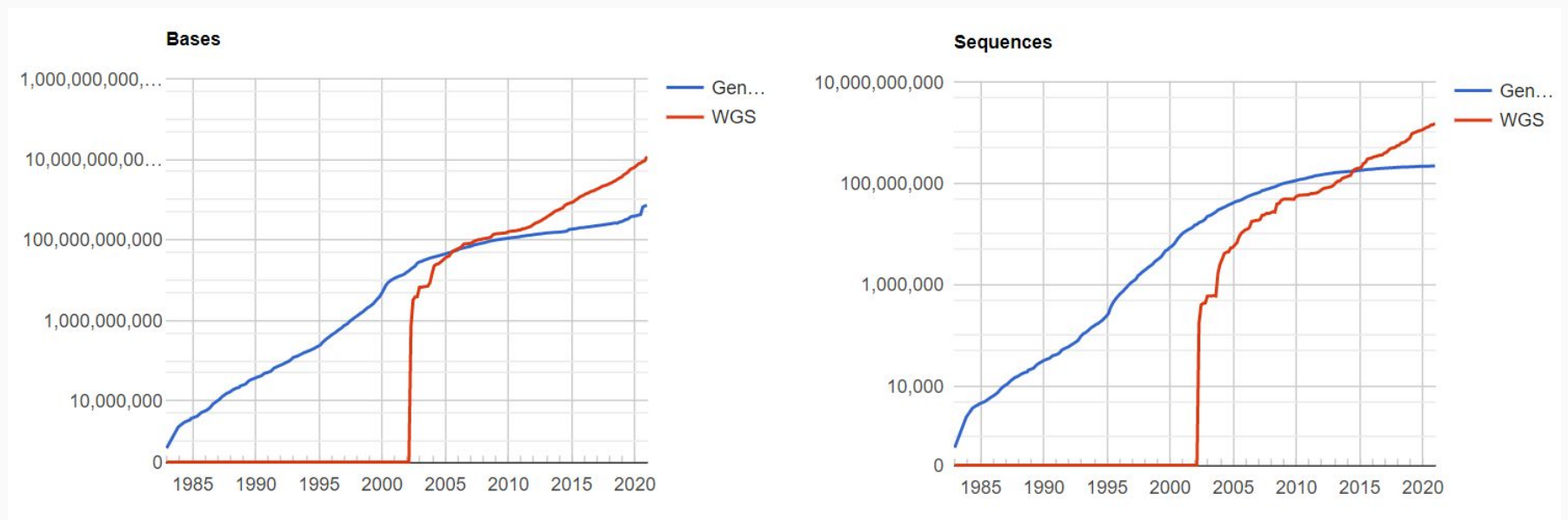
# Short Read Archive Sample Repository

## SRA Sample Statistics



# NCBI Genbank Sequences

NCBI GenBank - <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/>



# What is Bioinformatics?

“**Bioinformatics** is an interdisciplinary field that develops methods and software tools for understanding biological data, in particular when the data sets are large and complex. As an interdisciplinary field of science, bioinformatics combines biology, computer science, information engineering, mathematics and statistics to analyze and interpret biological data.”

*Wikipedia - (Accessed 1/18/2021)*

# What is Bioinformatics?!?

“an interdisciplinary field that develops methods and software tools”?

“an interdisciplinary field of science”?

## DEPENDS ON WHO YOU ASK

NB: “**Science** (from the Latin word scientia, meaning “knowledge”) is a systematic enterprise that builds and organizes knowledge in the form of testable explanations and predictions about the universe.” - Wikipedia

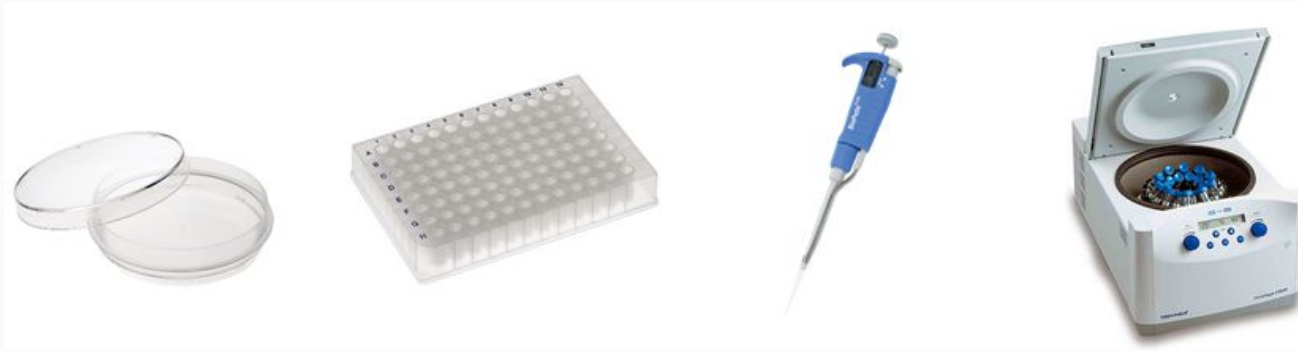
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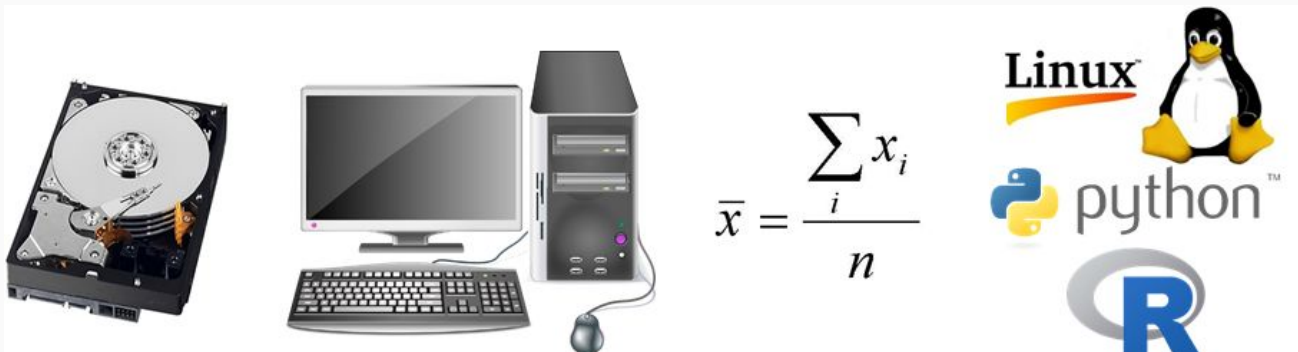
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# The Biologist's Tools

Wet lab biologists:



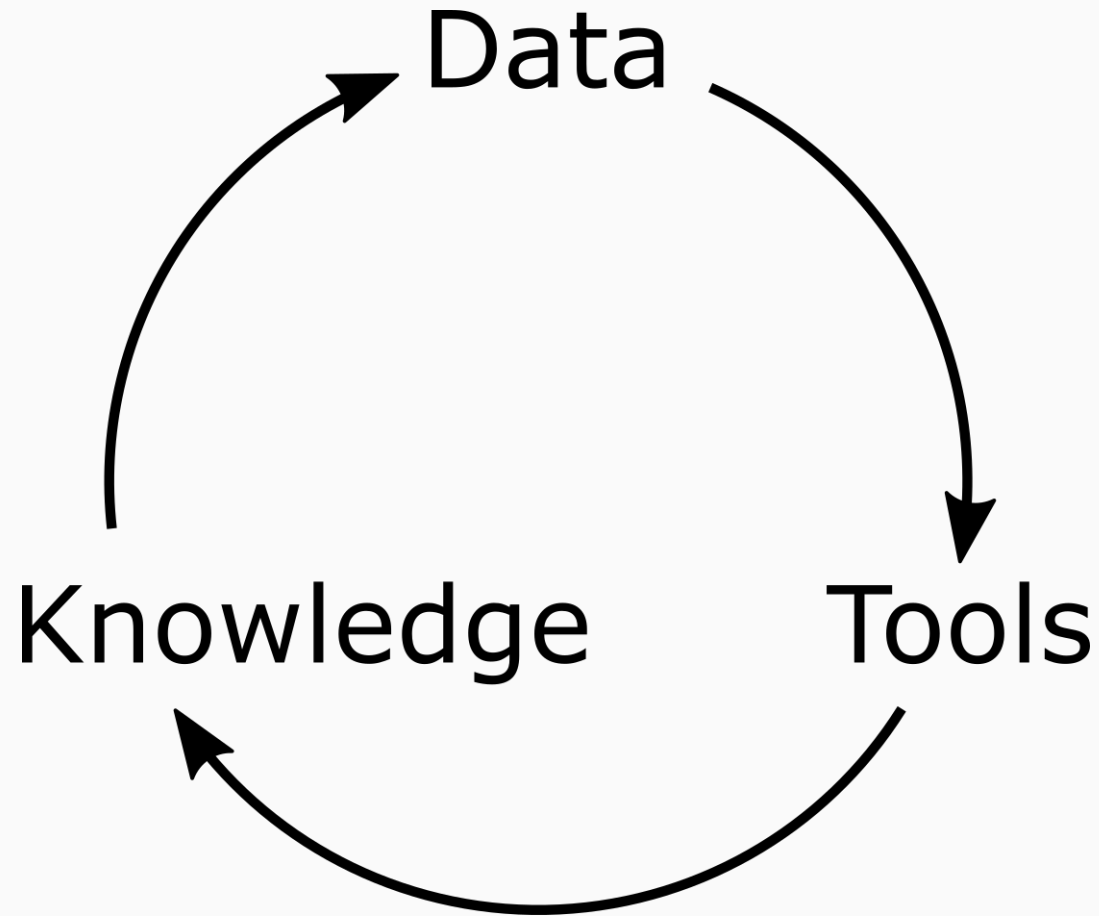
Bioinformaticians:



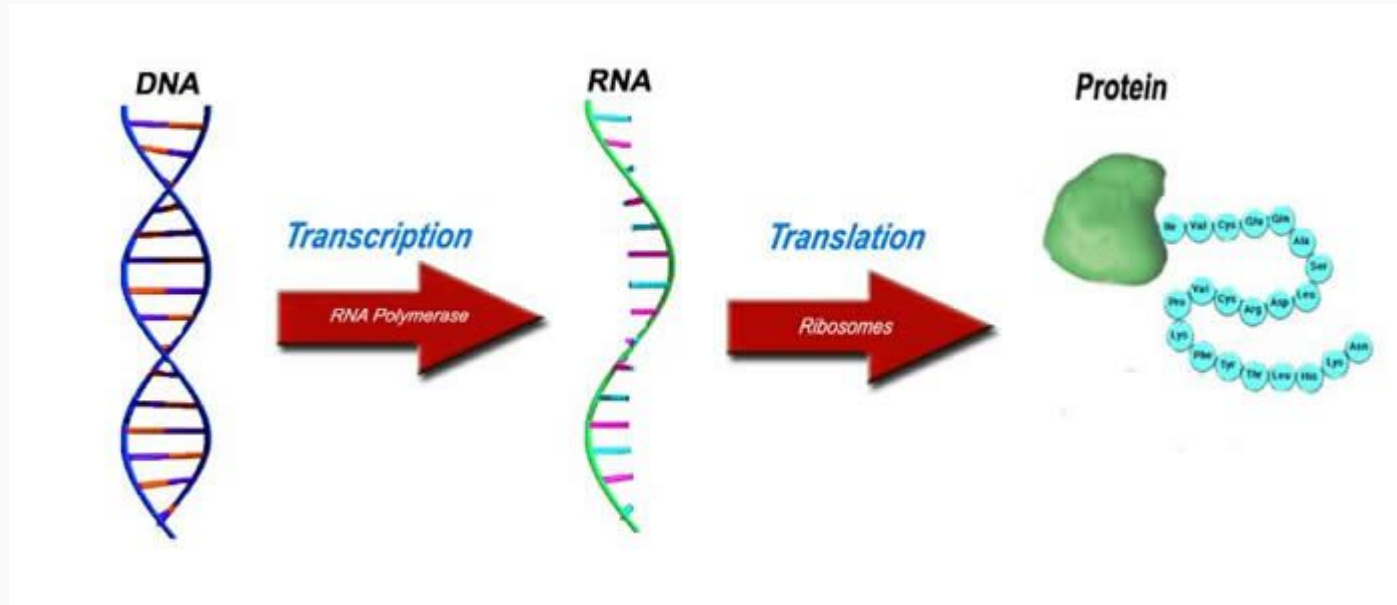
# Conceptual History of Bioinformatics

1. Biological sequences digitized
2. Biological databases needed to store sequences
3. Search tools needed for databases
4. Tools for analyzing data from searches
5. New tools required to analyze human genome
6. Those new tools enable analysis of large amounts of sequencing data
7. Sequencing data volume explodes, requiring new tools
8. ...

# Data → Tools → Knowledge Cycle



# Central Dogma of Biology



Each of these molecules is a  
**sequence**

# The Sequence: The Fundamental Datatype

## Molecular Sequence

- + Computer Science
  - = genome assembly, homology, phylogeny
- + Physics
  - = DNA/RNA/protein structure, drug prediction
- + Statistics
  - = gene expression, population genetics, biomarkers
- + Mathematics
  - = metabolic modeling, synthetic biology, systems biology

# Translational Bioinformatics

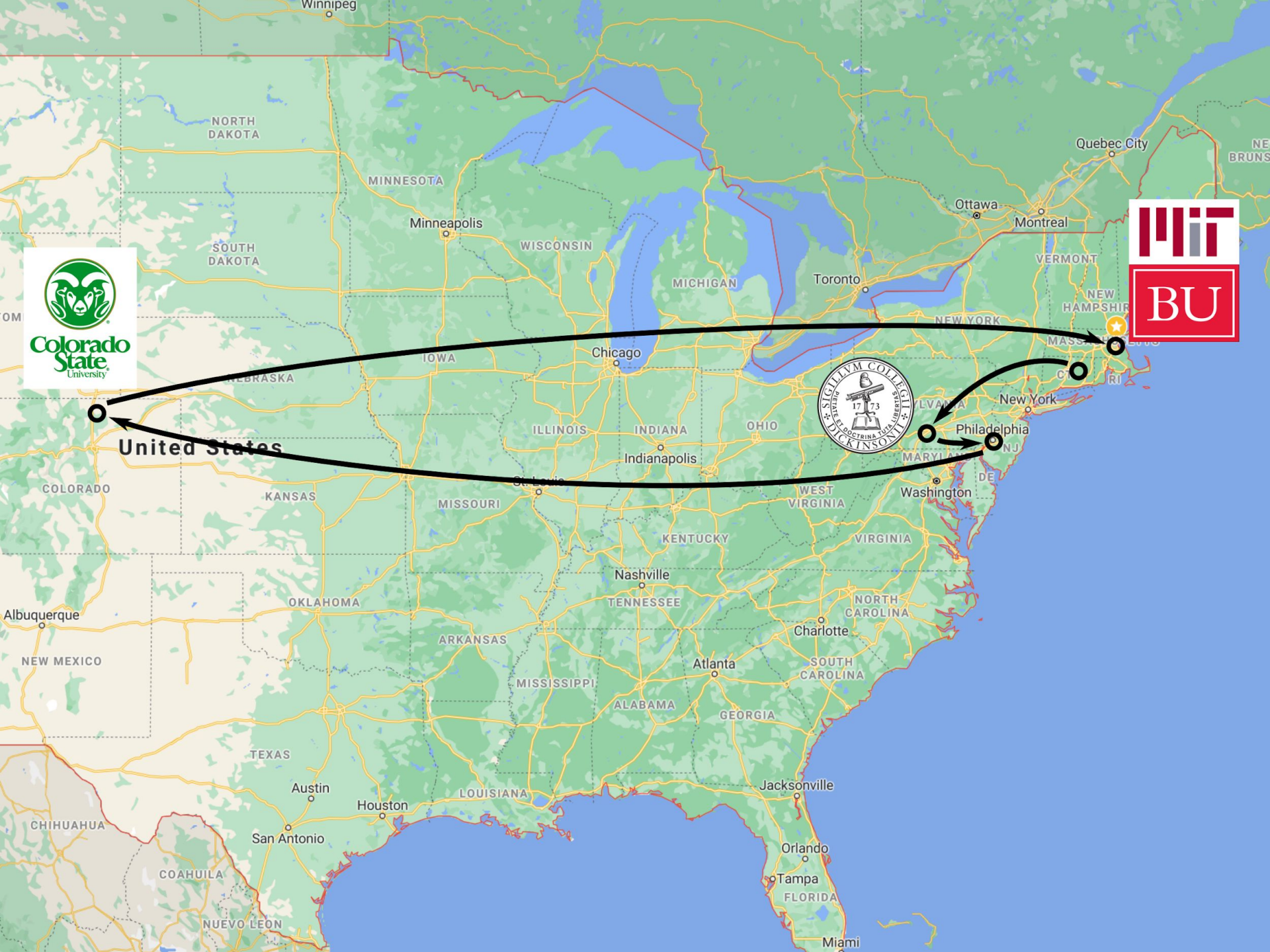
**“Translational Bioinformatics (TBI)** is an emerging field in the study of health informatics, focused on the convergence of molecular bioinformatics, biostatistics, statistical genetics, and clinical informatics.”

*Wikipedia - (Accessed 1/18/2021)*

# Instructor Introduction



United States



# Course Structure

# Instructors

- **Instructor:** Adam Labadorf
- **TAs:**
  - Gargi Dayama
  - Jacquelyn (Jackie) Turcinovic
  - Shruthi Bandyadka
  - Jing Zhang

# Course Organization

- <http://bf528.readthedocs.io>
- Lectures are on Zoom WF starting at 2:30
- Lectures will be recorded and posted online
  - Recordings do not capture Zoom video
- 5 projects over the course of the semester
  - 4 group, 1 individual
- Some online content early in semester

# Course Overview

- Survey course in bioinformatics
- Focus on high-throughput sequencing data, tools, and techniques
- Focus on practical skills
- Group work simulates real-world collaborative environment

# Course Goals

- Survey current bioinformatics techniques in translational studies
- Give you hands-on experience working with high-throughput biological data and tools
- Read and understand papers that use bioinformatics in translational studies
- Develop shared vocabulary between biology and computation

# Schedule of Topics

Lecture	Day	Date	Topic	Secondary	Project
1	W	Jan 27	Introduction	Command Line Interface	
2	F	Jan 29	Genomics, Genes, and Genomes	Cluster Usage	
3	W	Feb 3	Array Technologies	git	1
4	F	Feb 5	Gene sets and enrichment	R+RStudio Primer	
5	W	Feb 10	2nd Gen Sequencing		
6	F	Feb 12	Sequence Analysis Fundamentals		
7	W	Feb 17	Sequence Analysis - RNA-Seq 1		
8	F	Feb 19	Sequence Analysis - RNA-Seq 2		
9	W	Feb 24	Genomic Variation and SNP Analysis		1/2
10	F	Feb 26	Sequence Analysis - ChIP-Seq		
11	W	Mar 3	Biological Data Formats	Something Fancy	
12	F	Mar 5	Sequence Visualization	Genome Browsers	
13	W	Mar 10	Biological Databases		
14	F	Mar 12	Replicability vs Reproducibility Strategies		

NB: during weeks without secondary topic, you will meet with your TA during the second half of class

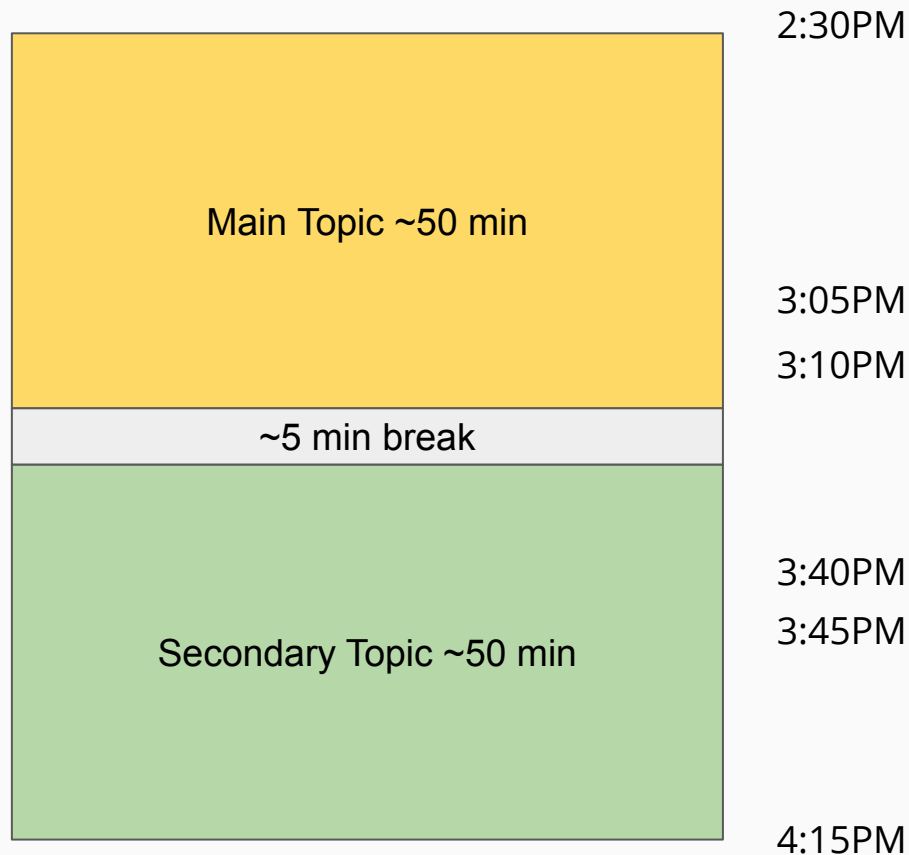
# Schedule of Topics cont'd

15	W	Mar 17	Computational Environment Management	Conda	2/3
16	F	Mar 19	Computational Pipeline Strategies	Snakemake	
17	W	Mar 24	Single Cell Techniques		
18	F	Mar 26	Single Cell Analysis		
	W	Mar 31	Wellness Day, no class		
19	F	Apr 2	Microbiome: 16S		
20	W	Apr 7	Microbiome: Metagenomics		3/4
21	F	Apr 9	Proteomics		
22	W	Apr 14	Metabolomics		
23	F	Apr 16	Integrative Genomics		
	W	Apr 21	Schedule adjustment, no class		
	F	Apr 23	Project work		
24	W	Apr 28	The Future + retrospective, end of classes		4/5
	F	May 8	Final projects due		5

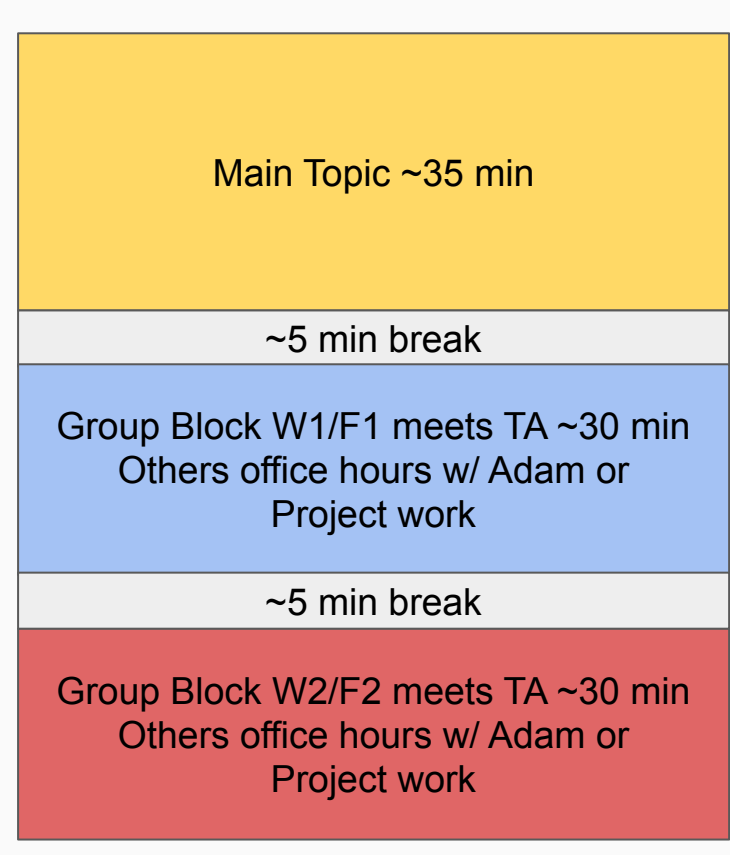
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# Lecture Structure

Days with secondary topic



Days without secondary topic



Group Block W1/W2 meet on Wednesdays, Group Blocks F1/F2 meet on Fridays

# Group Blocks Illustration

Wednesday Groups

	Group Block	Gargi	Jackie	Jing	Shruthi
3:10	W1	1	2	3	
3:45	W2		4	5	6

Friday Groups

	Group Block	Gargi	Jackie	Jing	Shruthi
3:10	F1	7	8	9	
3:45	F2		10	11	12

# Projects

- Reproduce findings from published studies
- 5 projects over the course of the semester
  - Last project is an individual project
- Each project has a full writeup
- Your writing must be your own, but you may share everything else!
- No homeworks or exams

# Project Groups

- Students assigned into groups of 3 or 4
- Each group has a primary TA
- You will receive knowledge survey soon
- Assigned into groups based on experience
- Groups are for the entire semester

# Project Groups cont'd

- Group members will play one of four roles:
  - *Data Curator* - find, download, and organize data
  - *Programmer* - process data into analyzable form
  - *Analyst* - transform processed data into interpretable form
  - *Biologist* - understand paper and biological context, help interpret results
- Roles rotate for each project
- Structured class time to help facilitate group work and help each other!

# Project Group Meeting

- Your group will meet once most weeks with your TA over Zoom
- Feel free to bring questions about the lecture material
- Discuss project progress:
  - “What did I work on since our last meeting?”
  - “What challenges did I encounter?”
  - “Are there any obstacles to completing my work?”
  - “What will I be working on for next meeting?”

# Project Report

- Organized like a published study
- Sections (primary role):
  - Intro - background and motivation (Biologist)
  - Data - data description (Data Curator)
  - Methods - processing and tools (Programmer)
  - Results - findings (Analyst)
  - Discussion - interpret findings (Biologist)
  - Conclusion (all)

# Assessment

- Each project is 20% of your total grade
- Evaluation
  - You will receive feedback for each project
  - Your work will be assessed in the following areas:
    - Accuracy
    - Clarity of language
    - Figure/table quality
    - Report formatting
    - Thoroughness
    - Cohesion
  - Detailed guidance found on course website

# Core Course Values

- OPENNESS

- Anyone can work together - share code!
- Copy code from Stack Exchange!

- ACCEPTANCE

- All backgrounds and beliefs are welcome.
- This class is a safe place for dissent.

- PATIENCE

- We are all learning. We all bring value. Be kind!